



# The Surface Structure and Magnetic Properties of Fe-Al alloys

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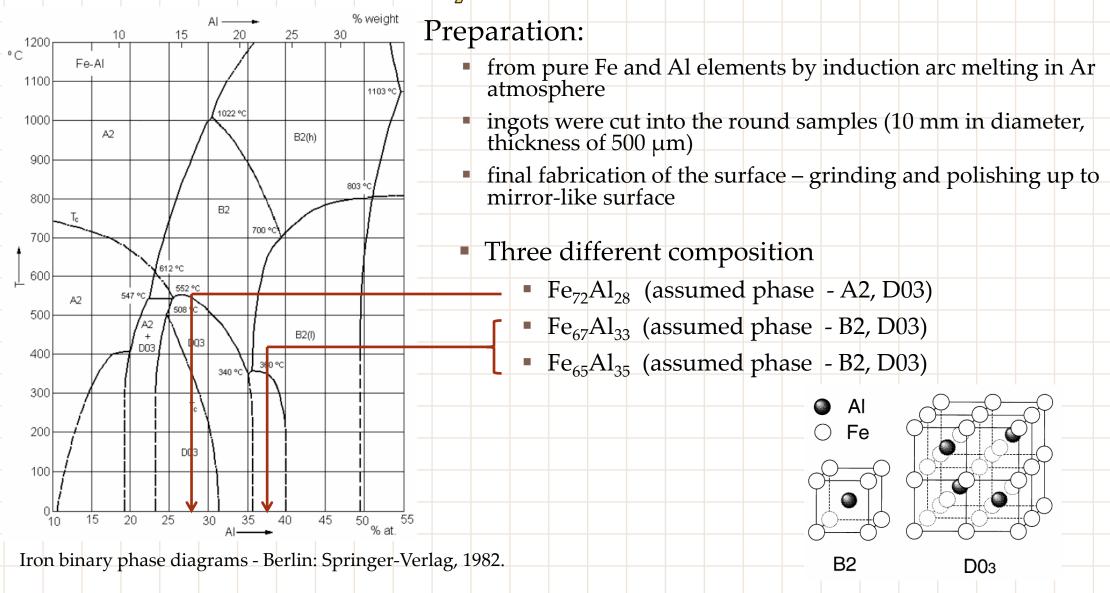
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CSMAG'13, 15'th Czech and Slovak Conference on Magnetism, 17. - 21. June 2013

#### Outline

- Material specification (Fe-Al-based alloys)
- Experimental techniques involved in investigation
  - Surface-sensitive methods
  - Volume-sensitive methods
  - Supplement methods
- Results
  - Volume magnetic properties (hysteresis loops)
  - Surface magnetic properties (hysteresis loops and domain observations)
  - AFM/MFM (topography and magnetic contrast)
- Conclusion

## Fe-Al based alloys



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# Experimental techniques

Volume magnetic studies:

Vibrational sample magnetometer (VSM) - MicroSense

hysteresis loop measurement



# Experimental techniques

Surface magnetic studies:

Magneto-optical Kerr effect (MOKE)

Scanning probe microscopy (AFM/MFM)

topography and magnetic contrast

domain observations



Magneto-optical Kerr microscopy (Carl Zeiss)

hysteresis loops measurement

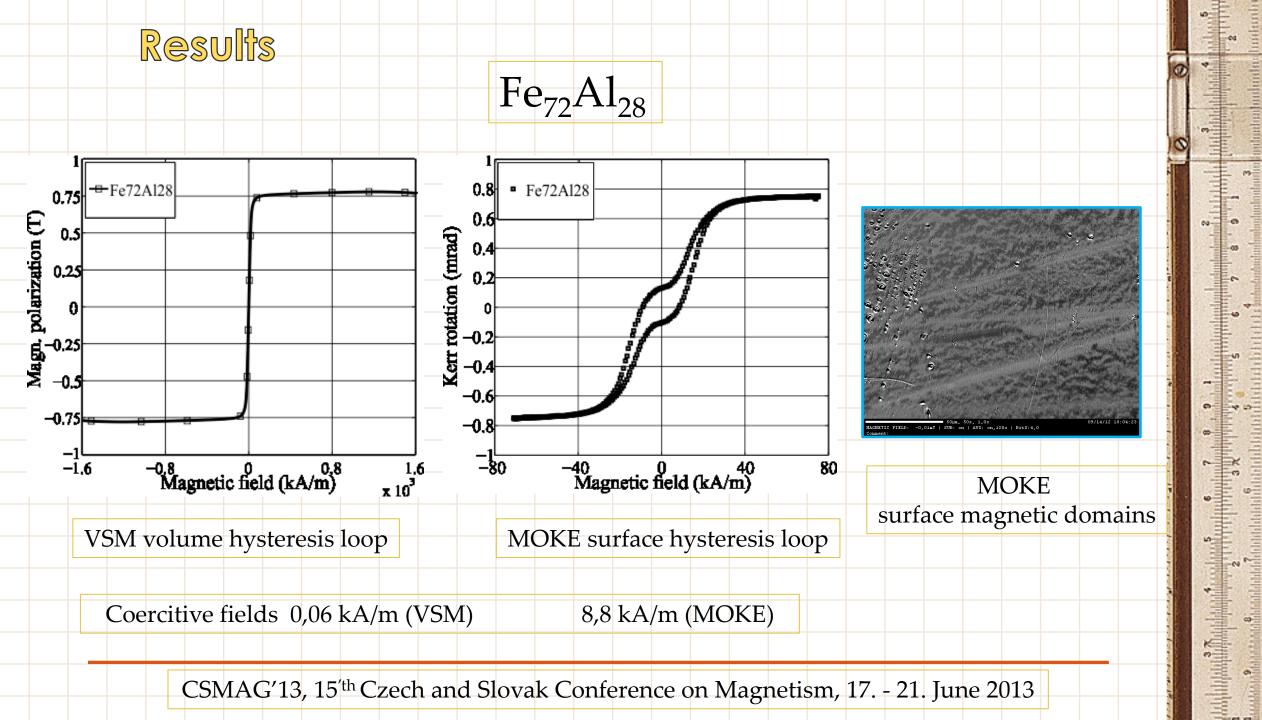


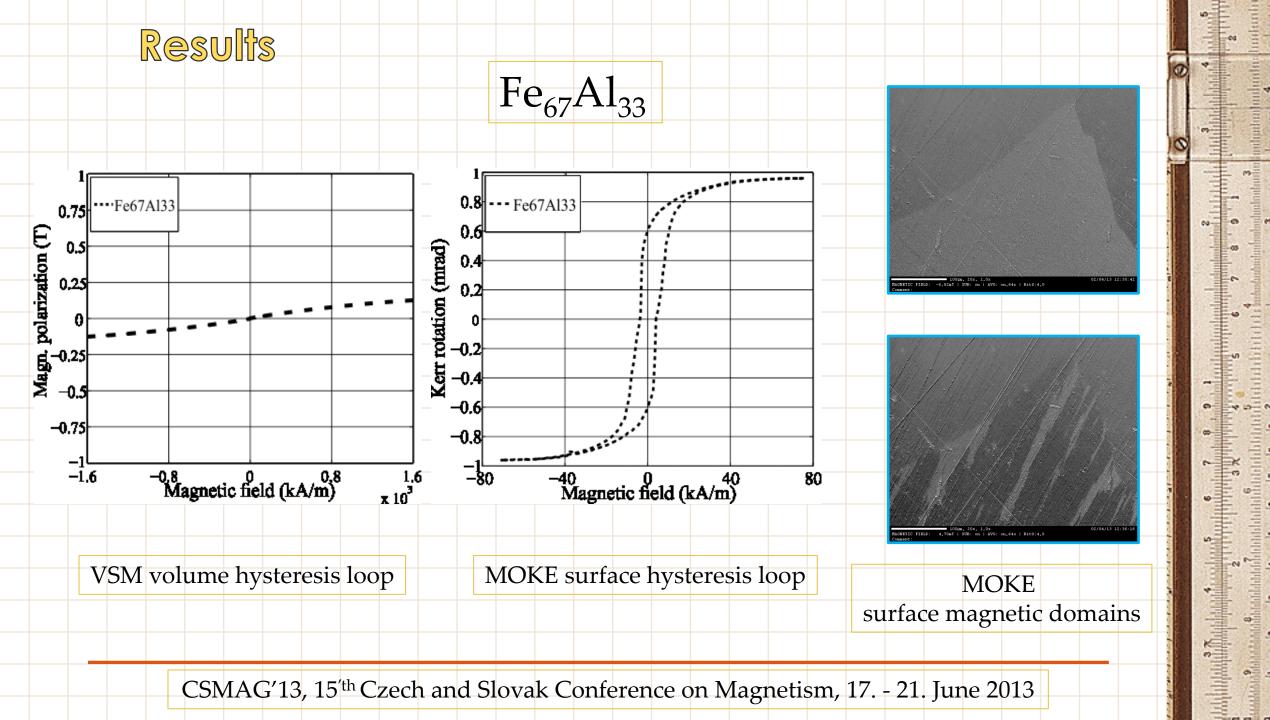
Differential vector magnetometry

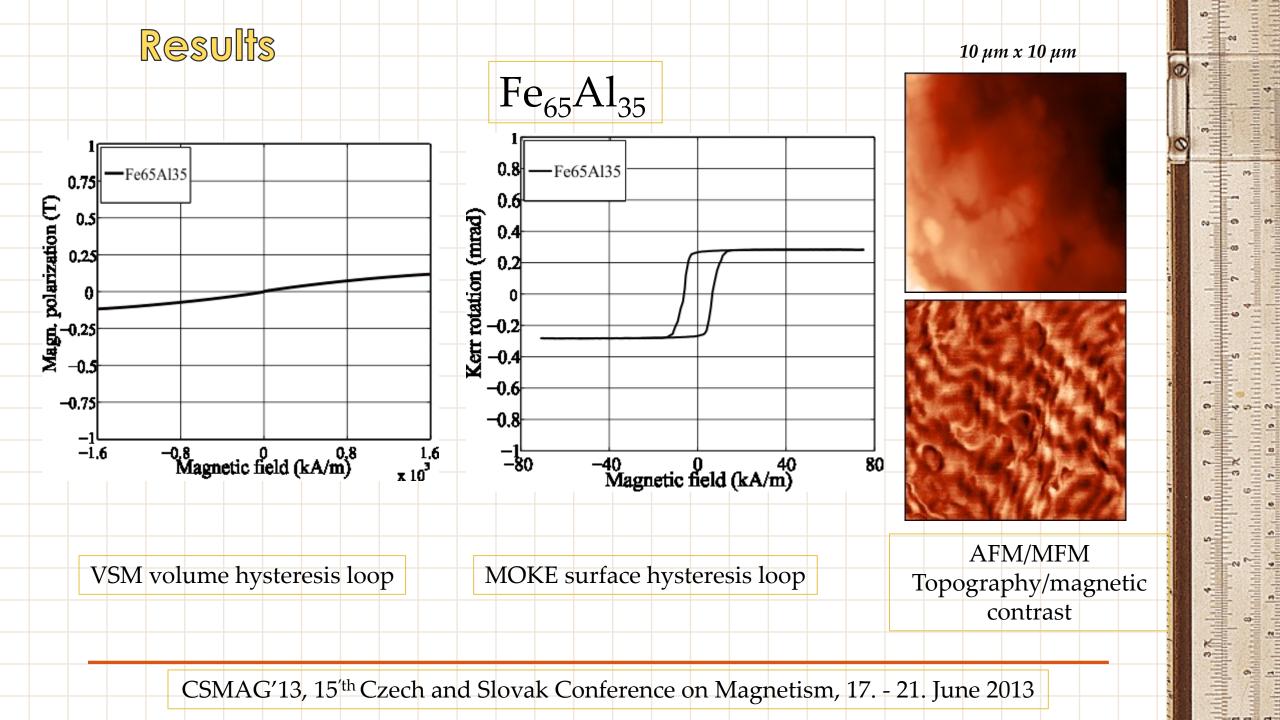


NtegraPrima platform (NT-MDT)

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### Conclusions

- We showed the differences between the volume and surface magnetic properties.
- The bulk magnetic properties are in agreement with phase diagram
  (i.e. Fe<sub>82</sub>Al<sub>28</sub> ferromagnetic behavior, Fe<sub>67</sub>Al<sub>33</sub> and Fe<sub>65</sub>Al<sub>35</sub> paramagnetic behavior).
- The surface magnetic properties of the Fe-Al with higher Al content document magnetic transformation.

#### Explanation:

Formation of the oxide layer at the surface and/or depletion of the surface layers by aluminium atoms